

FINITE ELEMENT METHOD

ФИНИТ ЕЛЕМЕНТ МЕТОД

12

Differential
Equation *

FINITE ELEMENT METHOD

FINITE ELEMENT METHOD

STRONG FORM

Strong to Weak Form

WEAK FORM

Weak to Approximate Form

APPROXIMATE FORM

From Physical to Natural Space

NUMERICAL EVALUATION (Integration)

Approximate Solution to Differential Equation *

ROADMAP

FOR FEM

1D
2D

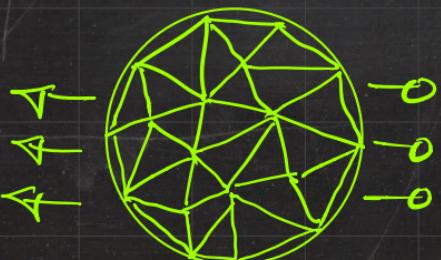
DISCRETIZED FORM

APPROXIMATION TECHNIQUES
↳ SHAPE FUNCTIONS

UNDERSTANDING FEM VIA AN ANALOGY (A BRUTAL SIMPLIFICATION)

Approximations in FEM

- Solution Approximation → inherent to numerical techniques
- Equation Approximation → diff equation is solved using computers
- Input Approximation → space transformed by discretization to weak form + space approximation



Discretization (Approximation)
Solution (u)
TEST (w)

DOMAIN (X)
diff. Eq.
STRONG FORM
integral TO
WEAK FORM

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(EA \frac{du}{dx} \right) + bA = 0 \quad \text{Subject to BCs}$$

Given E, A are Const. $\rightarrow EA u'' + bA = 0 \quad \leftarrow f := \frac{b}{E}$

STRONG FORM

$$u'' + f = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = u_0 \quad \leftarrow \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = t \quad \leftarrow$$

FROM STRONG TO WEAK FORM

STRONG FORM \rightsquigarrow Differential Eq.

(I) Multiply By TEST Function w

(II) INTEGRATE OVER THE DOMAIN

Integral form \rightsquigarrow WEAK FORM

STRONG : u''

WEAK : u'

BECAUSE LOWER
ORDER DIFFERENTIATION
OF DISPLACEMENT

$$u'' + f = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = u_0$ \checkmark prescribed

N: $u'(1) = t$ \checkmark

w : $\begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ w|_D = 0 \rightsquigarrow \text{ZERO @} \end{cases}$

DIRICHLET
BOUNDARY
CONDITIONS



FROM STRONG TO WEAK FORM

STRONG FORM

(I) Multiply By TEST Function w

(II) INTEGRATE OVER THE DOMAIN

$$I) [u'' + f = 0] \times w \Rightarrow wu'' + wf = 0$$

$$II) \int_0^1 [wu'' + wf] dx = 0 \quad wu'' = (wu')' - w'u'$$

$$\int_0^1 (wu')' dx - \int_0^1 w'u' dx + \int_0^1 wf dx = 0$$

$$u'' + f = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = u_0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = t$ \leftarrow

w : $\begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ w|_D = 0 \end{cases}$

FROM STRONG TO WEAK FORM

$$I) [u'' + f = 0] \times \omega \Rightarrow \omega u'' + \omega f = 0$$

$$II) \int_0^1 [\omega u'' + \omega f] dx = 0 \quad \omega u'' = (\omega u')' - \omega u'$$

$$\int_0^1 (\omega u')' dx - \int_0^1 \omega' u' dx + \int_0^1 \omega f dx = 0$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega f dx + \omega u' \Big|_0^1$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega f dx + \omega(1)u'(1) - \omega(0)u'(0)$$

$$u'' + f = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = u_0$ ← prescribed

N: $u'(1) = t$ ←

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

FROM STRONG TO WEAK FORM

$$I) [u'' + f = 0] \times \omega \Rightarrow \omega u'' + \omega f = 0$$

$$II) \int_0^1 [\omega u'' + \omega f] dx = 0 \quad \omega u'' = (\omega u')' - \omega u'$$

$$u'' + f = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = u_0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = t$ \checkmark

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega f dx + \omega(1)u'(1) - \omega(0)u'(0)$$

↑
TEST Function @ 1
↑
TEST Function @ 0

$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$

BC:

DIRICHLET $u \checkmark \quad u' ?$

NEUMANN $u ? \quad u' \checkmark$

FROM STRONG TO WEAK FORM

$$I) [u'' + f = 0] \times \omega \Rightarrow \omega u'' + \omega f = 0$$

$$II) \int_0^1 [\omega u'' + \omega f] dx = 0 \quad \omega u'' = (\omega u')' - \omega u'$$

$$u'' + f = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = u_0$ ← prescribed

N: $u'(1) = t$ ←

weak form

$$\int_0^1 \omega u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega f dx + \omega(1)u'(1) - \omega(0)u'(0)$$

INTERNAL

CONTRIBUTIONS

OVER THE DOMAIN

EXTERNAL

CONTRIBUTIONS

OVER THE DOMAIN

EXTERNAL CONTRIBUTIONS

OVER THE BOUNDARY IN
OF THE DOMAIN



ω :
 ARBITRARY
 CONTINUOUS
 $\omega|_D = 0$

FROM STRONG TO WEAK FORM

$$u'' = -1 \Rightarrow u' = -x + C_1$$

$$\Rightarrow u = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + C_1 x + C_2$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{---} \\ \hookrightarrow u(0) = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{---} \\ \hookrightarrow u'(1) = 0 \Rightarrow C_1 = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

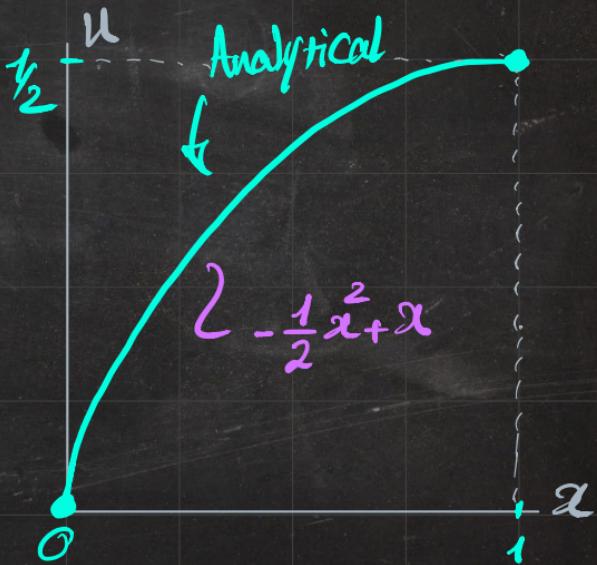
Analytical
Solution

$$\Rightarrow u = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + x$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \checkmark \text{ prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$



FROM STRONG TO WEAK FORM

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega f dx + \omega(1) u'(1) - \omega(0) u'(0)$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ ✓ prescribed
 N: $u'(1) = 0$ ✓

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad \text{WEAK FORM}$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

Compute approximate solution []
 from different spaces

EXERCISE $\rightarrow \dots$

UNDERSTANDING THE SIGNIFICANCE OF

WEAK FORM

BY EXAMPLE

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx$$

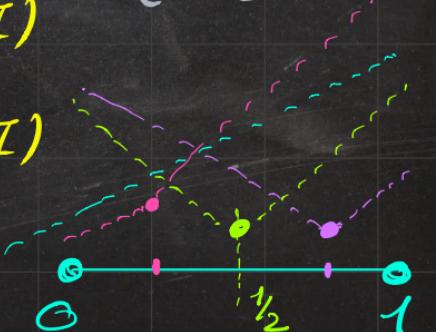
$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \text{prescribed}$$

- 1-Piece LINEAR APPROXIMATION
- 2-Piece LINEAR (UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION
- 2-Piece LINEAR (NON-UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION (I)
- 2-Piece LINEAR (NON-UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION (II)
- 2-Piece LINEAR (GENERAL) APPROXIMATION

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$



UNDERSTANDING THE SIGNIFICANCE OF

WEAK FORM

BY EXAMPLE

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

→ 3-PIECE LINEAR (UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

→ 3-PIECE LINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

→ 4-PIECE LINEAR (UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

→ 4-PIECE LINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

→ 1-PIECE QUADRATIC

→ 1-PIECE CUBIC

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

→ 1-PIECE LINEAR APPROXIMATION

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ prescribed
 N: $u'(1) = 0$ ✓

$$\omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad C_2 = 0 \quad u = D_1 x + D_2 \quad D_2 = 0$$

$\omega(0) = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad C_1 \uparrow$
 $\omega|_D = 0 \quad \Leftarrow \quad u(0) \text{ is given}$

$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$

$u(0) = 0$

$$\int_0^1 C_1 D_1 dx = \int_0^1 C_1 x dx \Rightarrow [C_1 D_1 x]_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} C_1 x^2]_0^1$$

$$\Rightarrow D_1 = \frac{1}{2} \quad C_1 : \text{cancels out}$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

→ 1-PIECE LINEAR APPROXIMATION

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ ↙ prescribed
 N: $u'(1) = 0$ ↙

$$\omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad C_2 = 0 \quad u = D_1 x + D_2 \quad D_2 = 0$$

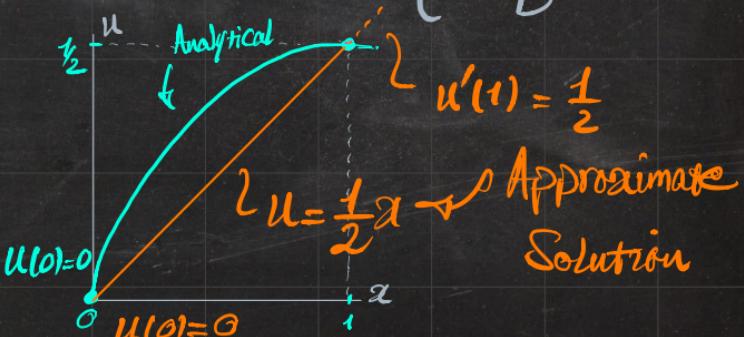
$\omega(0) = 0 \quad \text{↗}$
 $\omega|_D = 0 \quad \text{↗} \quad \omega(0) \text{ is given}$

$$C_1: \text{ cancels out} \quad \Rightarrow \quad D_1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

APPROXIMATE
SOLUTION FOR u

$$\Rightarrow u = \frac{1}{2}x$$

ω : ↗ ARBITRARY
↗ CONTINUOUS
 $u(0) = 0$
 $u'(1) = 0$
 $\omega|_D = 0$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

→ 1-PIECE LINEAR APPROXIMATION

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ ↙ prescribed
 N: $u'(1) = 0$ ↙

$$\omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad C_2 = 0 \quad u = D_1 x + D_2 \quad D_2 = 0$$

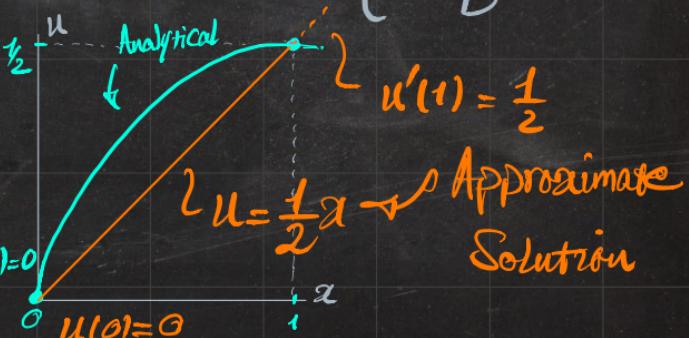
$\omega(0) = 0 \quad \text{↗}$ $\omega|_D = 0 \quad \text{↗} \quad u(0) \text{ is given}$

$$\Rightarrow u = \frac{1}{2}x$$

DIRICHLET BCs ARE STRONGLY SATISFIED

NEUMANN BCs ARE WEAKLY SATISFIED $u(0)=0$

$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ u(0)=0 \\ u'(1)=0 \\ \omega|_D=0 \end{cases}$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega du \quad \alpha \in [0, 1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$\alpha \in [0, 0.5]$$

$$\omega = C_1 \alpha + C_2 \quad \text{at } \omega|_D = 0$$

$$\alpha \in [0.5, 1]$$

$$\omega = D_1 \alpha + D_2 \quad u = F_1 \alpha + F_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}C_1 + C_2 = \frac{1}{2}D_1 + D_2 \quad \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}F_1 + F_2 = \frac{1}{2}E_1 + E_2$$

\hookrightarrow Employ BCs and Continuity Conditions

$\hookrightarrow \omega$ continuous @ 0.5

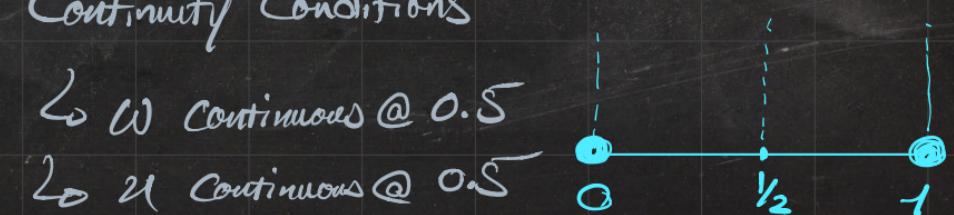
$\hookrightarrow u$ continuous @ 0.5

$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$

D: $u(0) = 0$ ✓ prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ ✓

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0, 1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, 0.5]$$

$$\omega = C_1 x + C_2$$

$$x \in [0.5, 1]$$

$$\omega = D_1 x + D_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}C_1 + C_2 = \frac{1}{2}D_1 + D_2$$

||

$$D_2 = \frac{1}{2}[C_1 - D_1]$$

$$u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}E_1 + E_2 = \frac{1}{2}F_1 + F_2$$

||

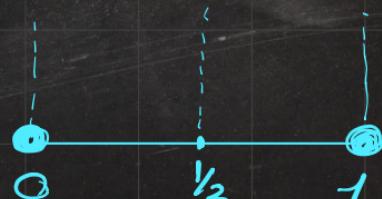
$$F_2 = \frac{1}{2}[E_1 - F_1]$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \text{prescribed}$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0, 1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, 0.5]$$

$$\omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$x \in [0.5, 1]$$

$$\omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$D_2 = \frac{1}{2}[C_1 - D_1] \quad F_2 = \frac{1}{2}[E_1 - F_1]$$

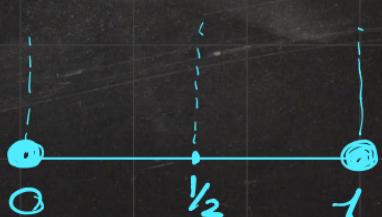
$$\int_0^{0.5} \omega' u' dx + \int_{0.5}^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^{0.5} \omega dx + \int_{0.5}^1 \omega dx$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \swarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \nwarrow

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0, 1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, 0.5]$$

$$\omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = E_1 x + E_2 \quad \text{at } x=0 \Rightarrow u(0)=0$$

$$x \in [0.5, 1]$$

$$\omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$D_2 = \frac{1}{2}[C_1 - D_1] \quad F_2 = \frac{1}{2}[E_1 - F_1]$$

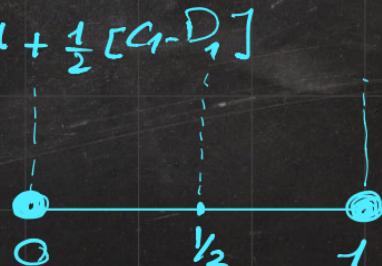
$$\int_0^{0.5} \omega' u' dx + \int_{0.5}^1 \omega' u' dx$$

$$= \int_0^{0.5} C_1 dx + \int_{0.5}^1 D_1 dx$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \checkmark prescribed
 N: $u'(1) = 0$ \checkmark

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

→ 2-PIECE LINEAR (UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$\int_0^{0.5} G_1 E_1 dx + \int_{0.5}^1 D_1 F_1 dx$$

$$= \int_0^{0.5} G_1 x dx + \int_{0.5}^1 [D_1 x + \frac{1}{2}[C_1 - D_1]] dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} G_1 E_1 + \frac{1}{2} D_1 F_1 = \frac{1}{8} G_1 + \frac{3}{8} D_1 + \frac{1}{4} [C_1 - D_1]$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

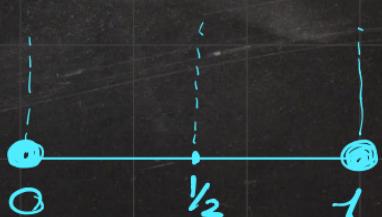
D: $u(0) = 0$ prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ ✓

$$u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$\omega :$

$u = F_1 x + F_2$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega _D = 0 \end{array} \right.$
$F_2 = \frac{1}{2}[E_1 - E_2]$	



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

→ 2-PIECE LINEAR (UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$\frac{1}{2} C_1 E_1 + \frac{1}{2} D_1 F_1$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} C_1 + \frac{3}{8} D_1 + \frac{1}{4} [C_1 - D_1]$$



THIS SEEMS LIKE 1 EQUATION

BUT IT IS NOT !

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ ← prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ ←

$$u = E_1 x + E_2 x^2$$

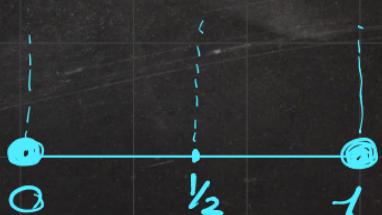
$\omega :$

ARBITRARY
CONTINUOUS

$$u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$F_2 = \frac{1}{2} [E_1 - E_2]$$

$$\omega|_D = 0$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega du \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-Piece Linear (Uniform) Approximation

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \swarrow prescribed
 N: $u'(1) = 0$ \nwarrow

$$\frac{1}{2} C_1 E_1 + \frac{1}{2} D_1 F_1$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} C_1 + \frac{3}{8} D_1 + \frac{1}{4} [C_1 - D_1]$$

$$\sqrt{C_1 D_1}$$

$$u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$u = F_1 x + F_2$$

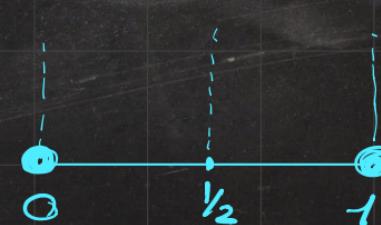
$$F_2 = \frac{1}{2} [E_1 - F_1]$$

$$C_1 = 1, D_1 = 0 \Rightarrow \int \frac{1}{2} E_1 - \frac{3}{8} = 0$$

$$C_1 = 0, D_1 = 1 \Rightarrow \int \frac{1}{2} F_1 - \frac{1}{8} = 0$$

$$E_1 = 3/4$$

$$F_1 = 1/4$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-Piece Linear (Uniform) Approximation

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \checkmark prescribed
 N: $u'(1) = 0$ \checkmark

$$\frac{1}{2} C_1 E_1 + \frac{1}{2} D_1 F_1$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} C_1 + \frac{3}{8} D_1 + \frac{1}{4} [C_1 - D_1]$$

$$\sqrt{C_1 D_1}$$

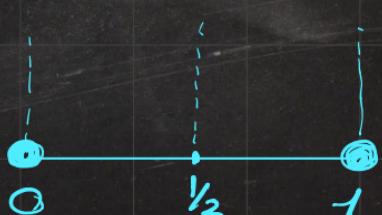
$$u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$F_2 = \frac{1}{2} [E_1 - E_2]$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

ω : ARBITRARY $\Rightarrow C_1$ & D_1 : ARBITRARY



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

→ 2-PIECE LINEAR (UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ ↙ prescribed
 N: $u'(1) = 0$ ↙

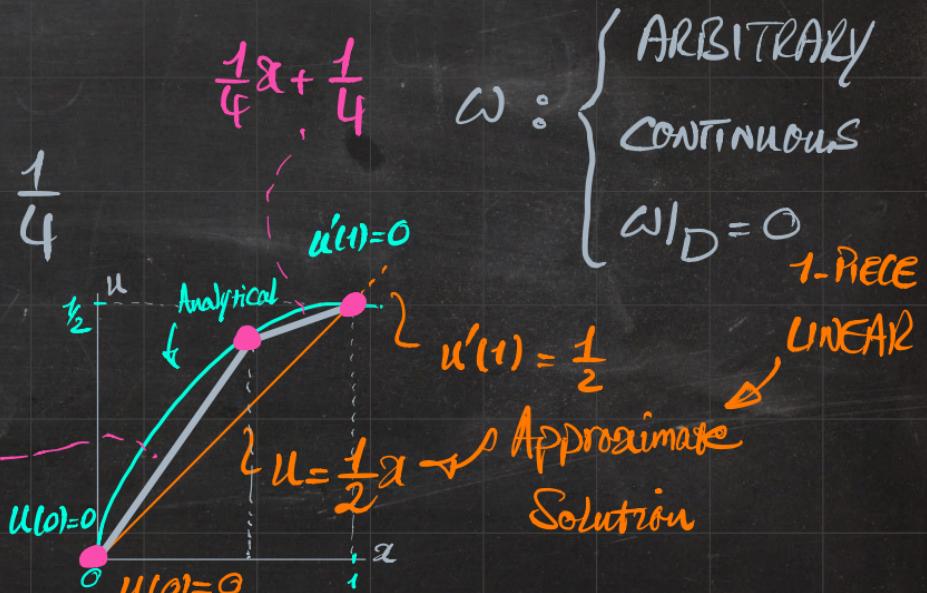
$$x \in [0, 0.5]$$

$$u = \frac{3}{4}x$$

$$x \in [0.5, 1]$$

$$u = \frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}x$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (NON-UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, 0.6] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$x \in [0.6, 1] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$0.6[C_1 - D_1] \quad 0.6[E_1 - F_1]$$

$$\int_0^{0.6} \omega' u' dx + \int_{0.6}^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^{0.6} \omega dx + \int_{0.6}^1 \omega dx$$

$$C_1 \{ E_1 \} D_1 \{ F_1 \} C_1 x \quad D_1 x + 0.6[C_1 - D_1]$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \leftarrow

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (NON-UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, 0.6] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$x \in [0.6, 1] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$\int_0^{0.6} C_1 E_1 dx + \int_{0.6}^1 D_1 F_1 dx = \int_0^{0.6} C_1 x dx + \int_{0.6}^1 [D_1 x + 0.6[C_1 - D_1]] dx$$

000

$$C_1 [0.6 E_1 - 0.42] + D_1 [0.4 F_1 - 0.08] = 0$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (NON-UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, 0.6] \quad u = E_1 x + F_1$$

$$x \in [0.6, 1] \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$C_1 [0.6 E_1 - 0.42] \quad \checkmark C_1, D_1 \quad 0.6 [E_1 - F_1]$$

$$+ D_1 [0.4 F_1 - 0.08] = 0$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \leftarrow$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow E_1 = 0.7, \quad F_1 = 0.2 \quad \Rightarrow \begin{cases} u = 0.7x & 0 \leq x \leq 0.6 \\ u = 0.2x + 0.3 & 0.6 \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

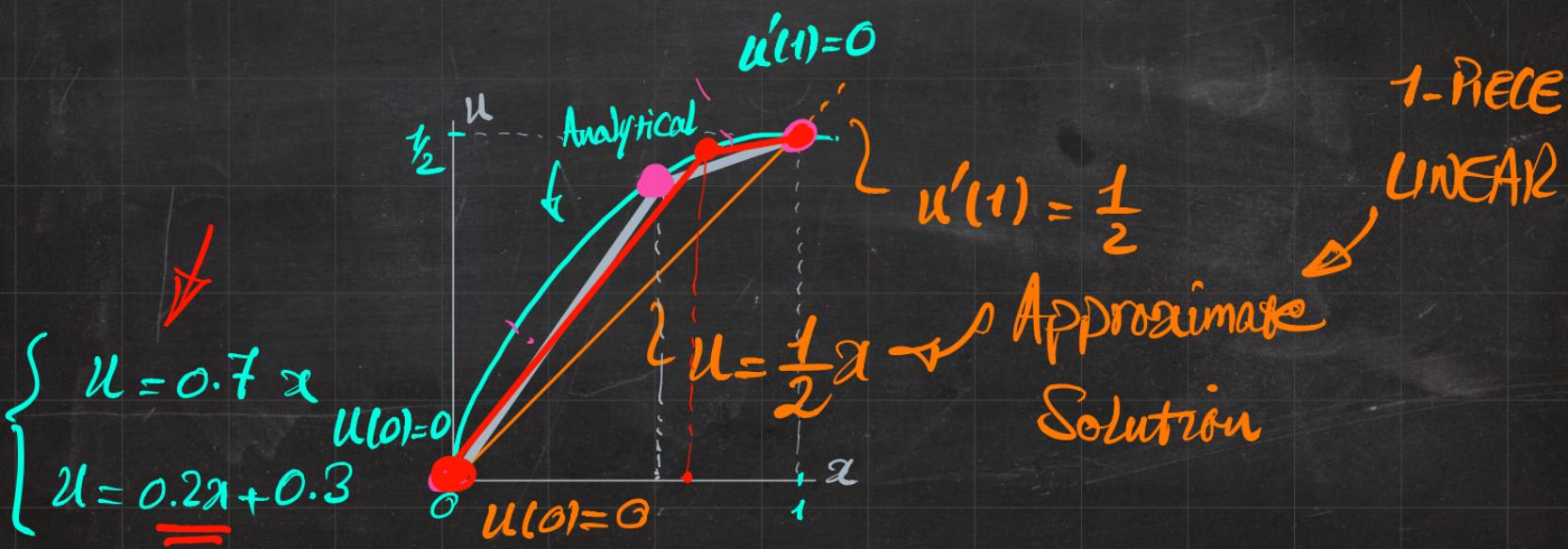
$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-Piece Linear (Non-uniform) Approximation

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \checkmark



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (NON-UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, 0.4] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$x \in [0.4, 1] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$0.4[C_1 - D_1] \quad 0.4[E_1 - F_1]$$

$$\int_0^{0.4} \omega' u' dx + \int_{0.4}^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^{0.4} \omega dx + \int_{0.4}^1 \omega dx$$

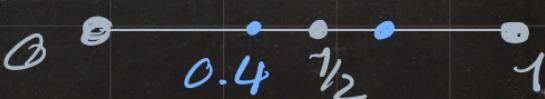
$$C_1(E_1 - D_1) + D_1(F_1 - E_1) = C_1 x + D_1 x + 0.4[C_1 - D_1]$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (NON-UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, 0.4] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$x \in [0.4, 1] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$0.4[C_1 - D_1] \quad 0.4[E_1 - F_1]$$

$$\int_0^{0.4} C_1 E_1 dx + \int_{0.4}^1 D_1 F_1 dx = \int_0^{0.4} C_1 x dx + \int_{0.4}^1 [D_1 x + 0.4[C_1 - D_1]] dx$$

000

$$C_1 [0.4E_1 - 0.32] + D_1 [0.6F_1 - 0.18] = 0$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (NON-UNIFORM) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, 0.4] \quad u = E_1 x + F_1$$

$$x \in [0.4, 1] \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$C_1 [0.4E_1 - 0.32] \quad \checkmark C_1, D_1 \quad 0.4 [E_1 - F_1]$$

$$+ D_1 [0.6F_1 - 0.18] = 0$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \leftarrow$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow E_1 = 0.8, F_1 = 0.3 \quad \Rightarrow \begin{cases} u = 0.8x & 0 \leq x \leq 0.4 \\ u = 0.3x + 0.2 & 0.4 \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' d\alpha = \int_0^1 \omega d\alpha \quad \alpha \in [0,1]$$

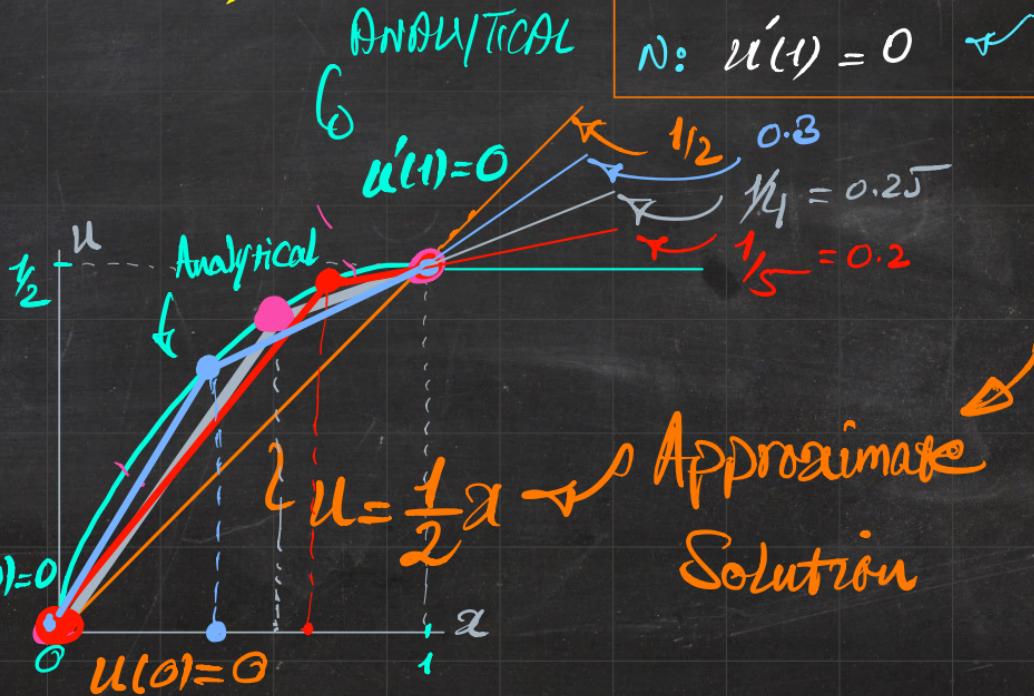
\rightarrow 2-Piece Linear (Non-uniform) Approximation

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} u = 0.8\alpha \\ u = 0.8\alpha + 0.2 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} u = 0.7\alpha \\ u = 0.2\alpha + 0.3 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} u = 0.7\alpha \\ u = 0.2\alpha + 0.3 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} u = 0.7\alpha \\ u = 0.2\alpha + 0.3 \end{array} \right.$$



$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

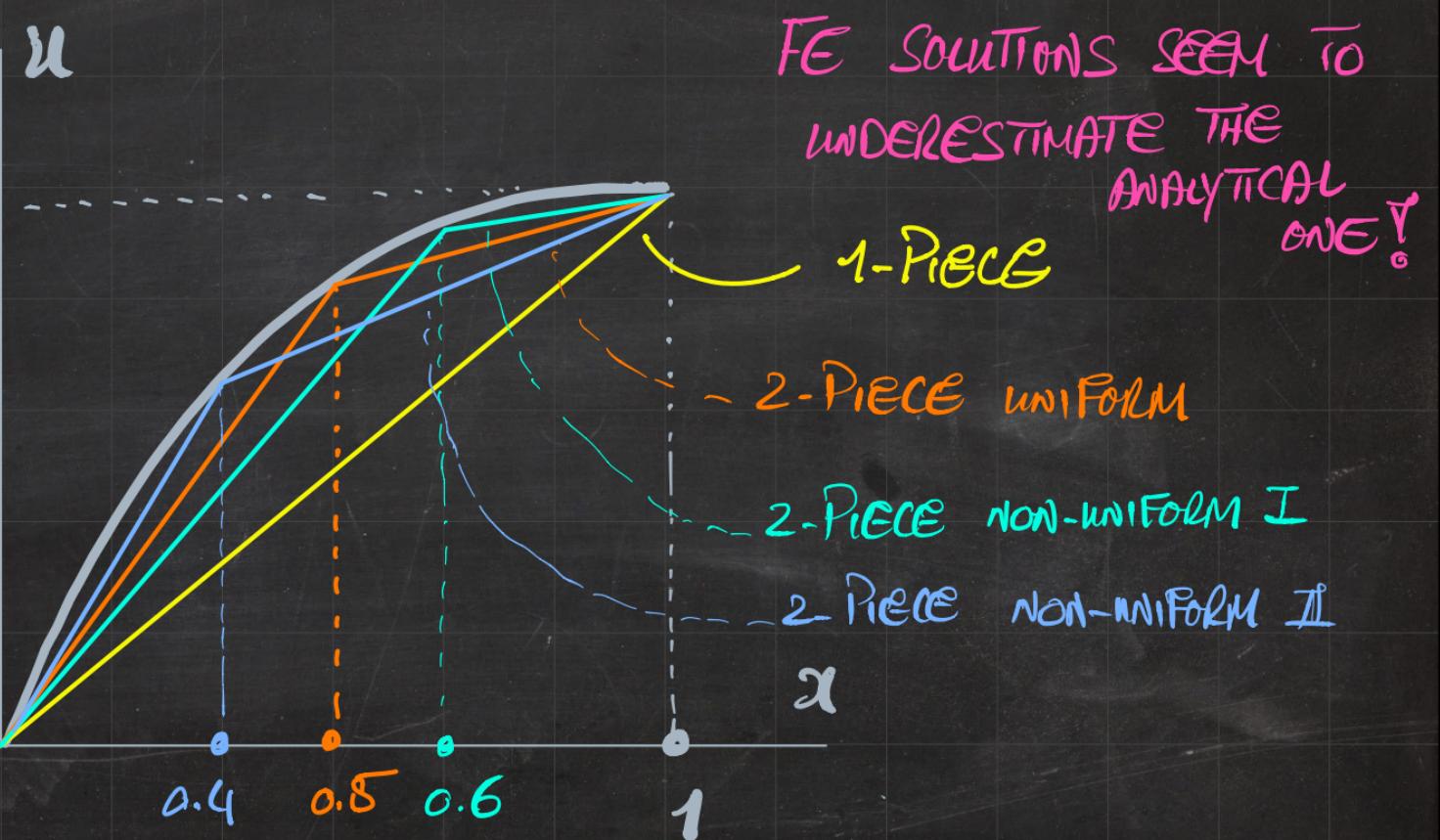
D: $u(0) = 0$ \swarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \swarrow

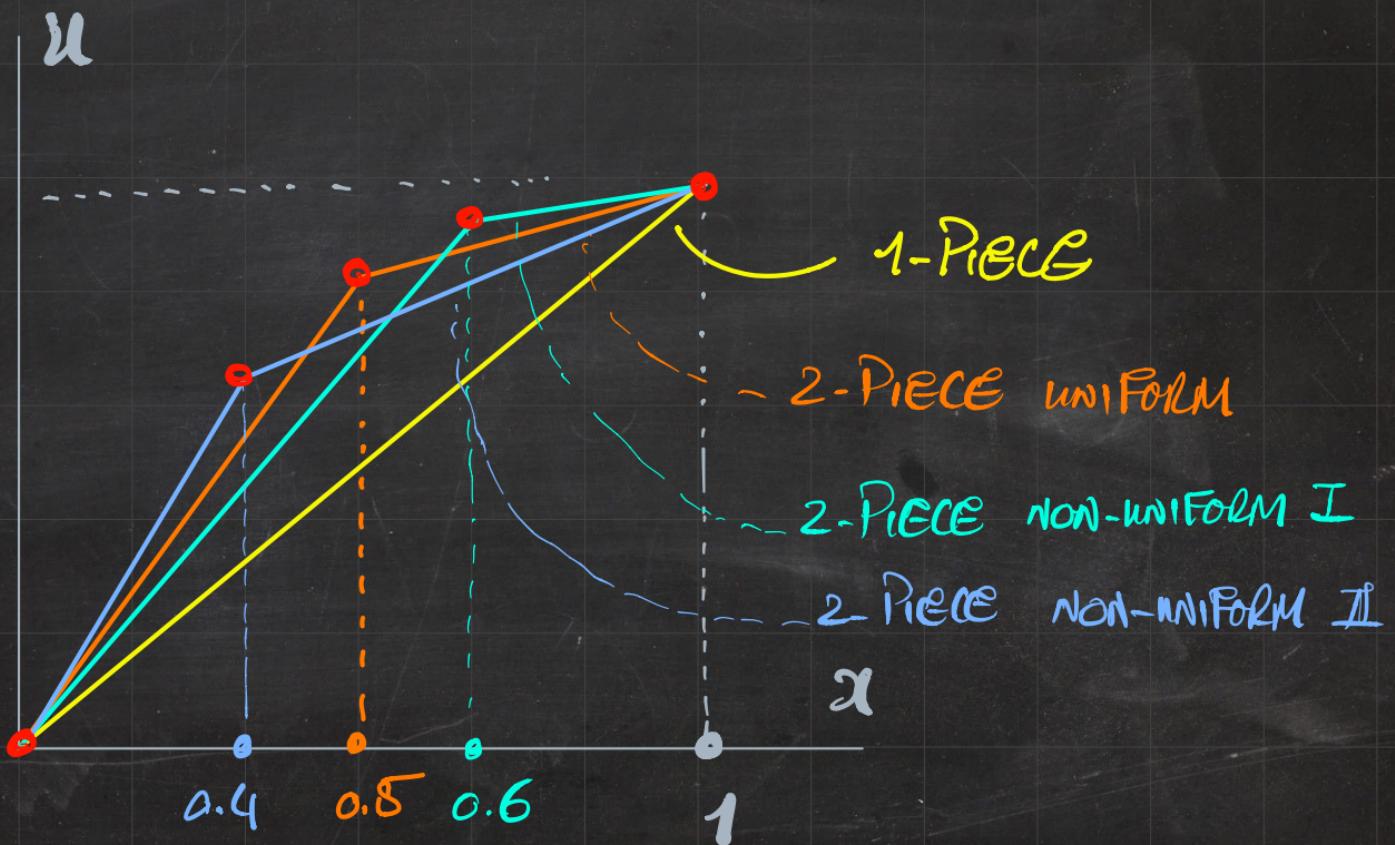
1-Piece
Linear

Approximate
Solution

FE SOLUTIONS SEEM TO
UNDERESTIMATE THE
ANALYTICAL
ONE!



FE Solution approaches analytical one from below!



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$x \in [a, 1] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$\int_0^a \omega' u' dx + \int_a^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^a \omega dx + \int_a^1 \omega dx$$

$$C_1 E_1 + D_1 F_1 = C_1 x + a[C_1 - D_1]$$

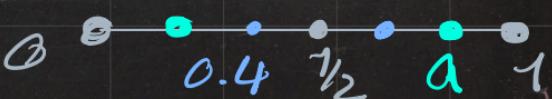
$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed
 N: $u'(1) = 0$ \leftarrow

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$0 \leq a \leq 1$$

$$D_1 + a[C_1 - D_1] = 0.6$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$x \in [a, 1] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$a[C_1 - D_1] + [1-a]D_1F_1 = 0 \quad + 0$$

$$= aC_1 \left[1 - \frac{1}{2}a \right] + D_1[1-a]\left[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}a\right]$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\Rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$x \in [a, 1] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$a [C_1 - D_1]$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$a_1 C_1 E_1 + [1-a] D_1 F_1$$

$$= a C_1 \left[1 - \frac{1}{2} a \right] + D_1 [1-a] \left[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} a \right] \quad \sqrt{C_1, D_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow E_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2} a \quad , \quad F_1 = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} a$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \swarrow \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \swarrow$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, a] \Rightarrow u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}a] x$$

$$x \in [a, 1] \Rightarrow u = [\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}a] x + \frac{1}{2}a$$

$$a = 0.5$$

$$a = 0.6$$

$$a = 0.4$$

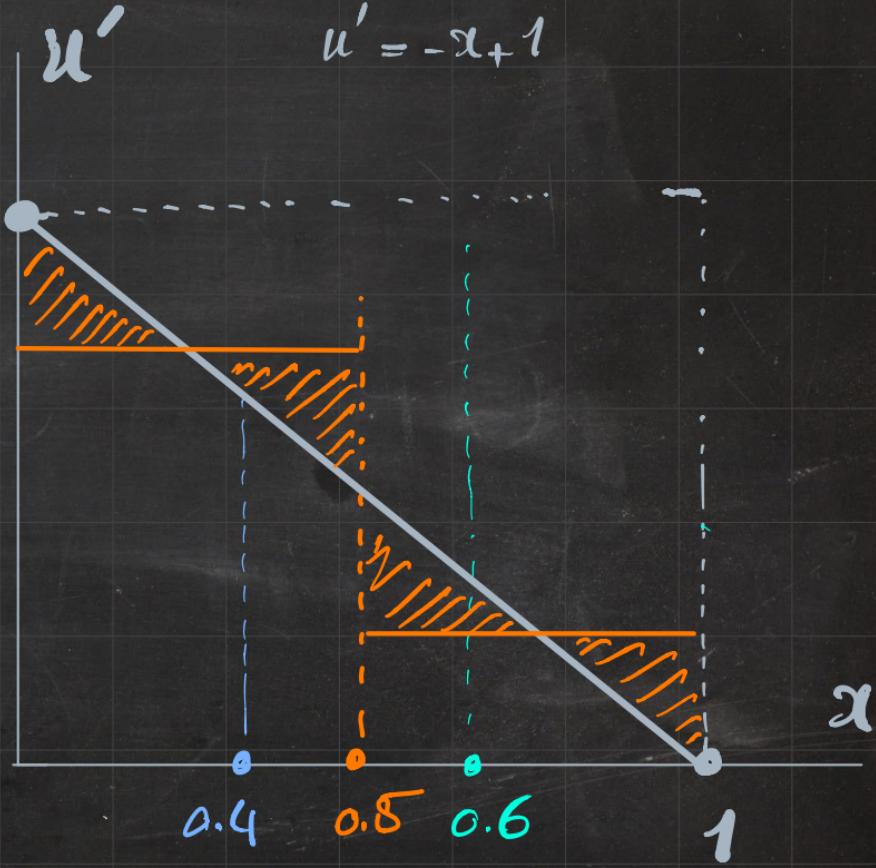
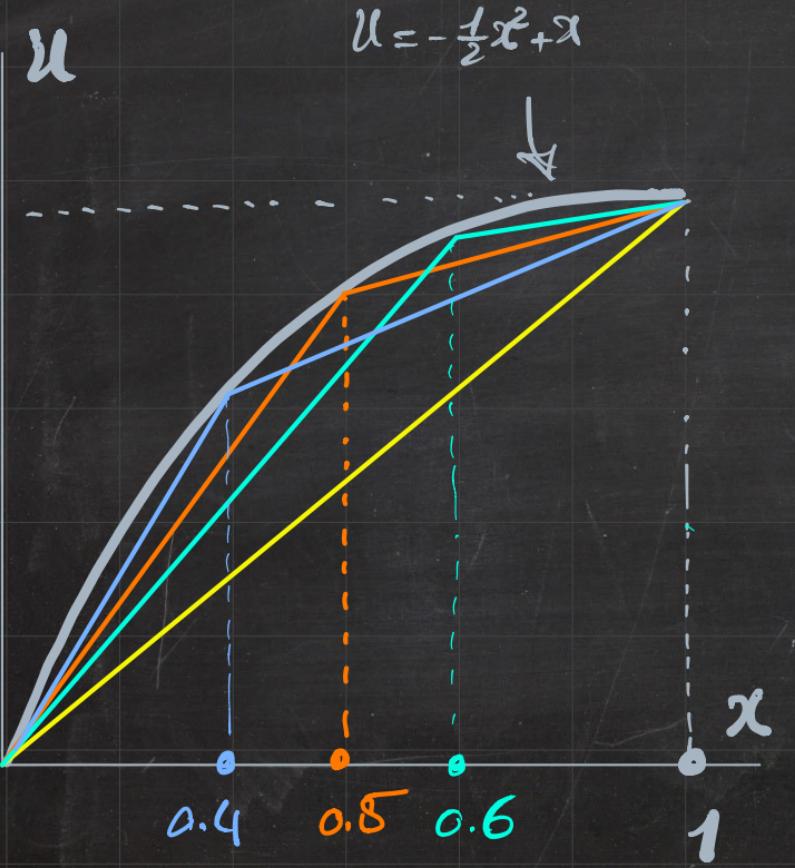
$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

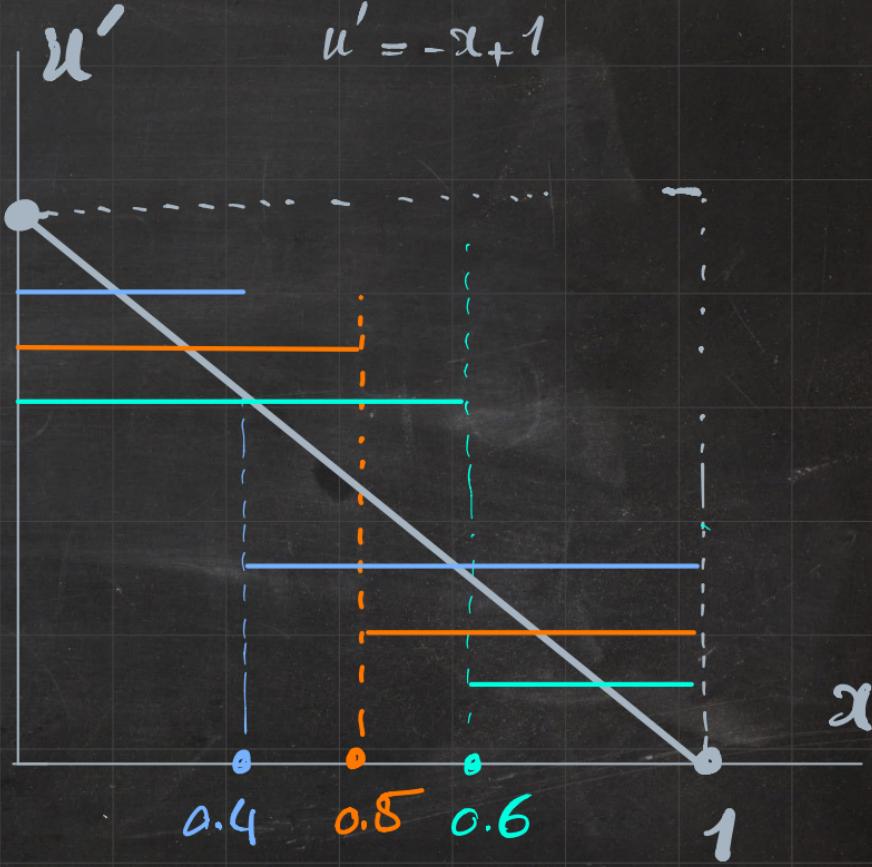
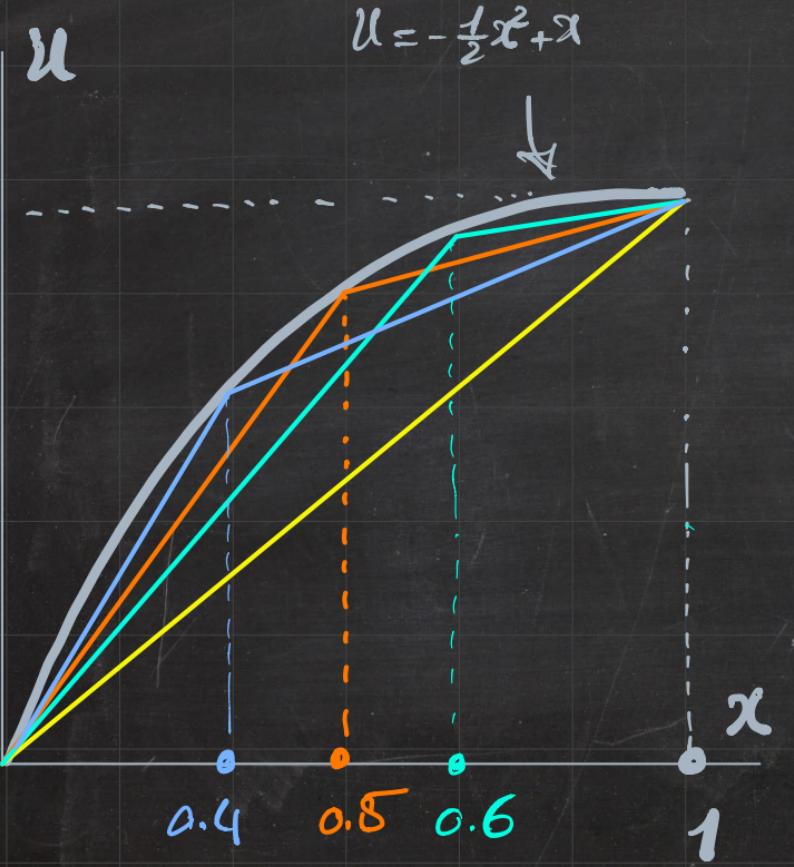
$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{prescribed}$$

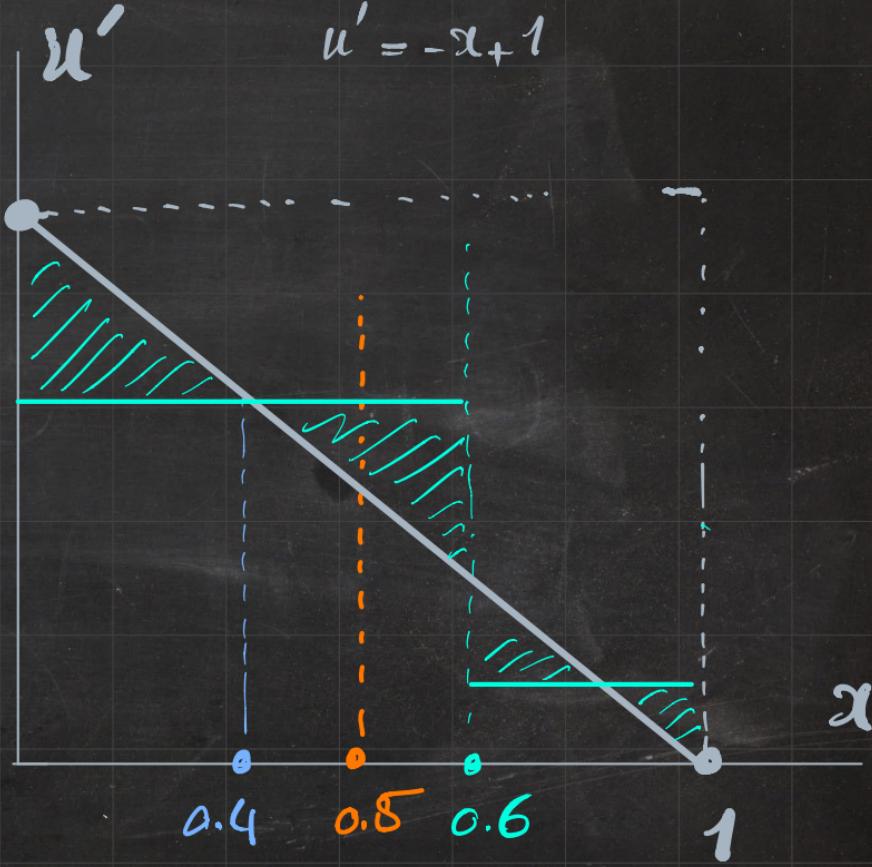
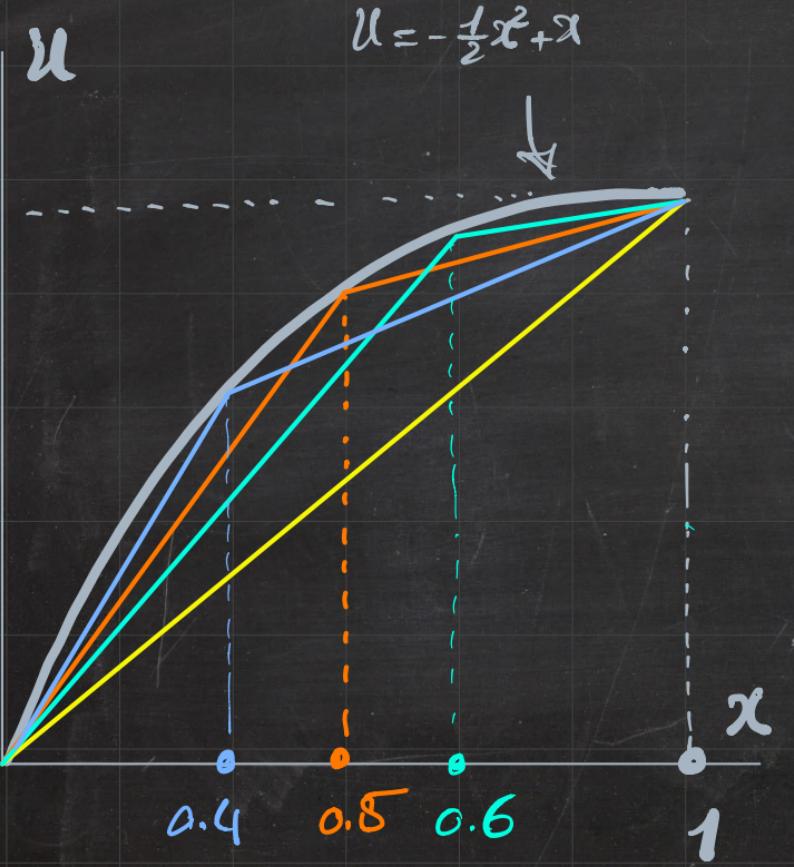
$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u = 0.75x \\ u = 0.25x + 0.25 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} u = 0.7x \\ u = 0.2x + 0.3 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} u = 0.8x \\ u = 0.3x + 2 \end{cases}$$







$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 2-PIECE LINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, a] \Rightarrow u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}a] x$$

$$x \in [a, 1] \Rightarrow u = [\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}a] x + \frac{1}{2} a$$

$$x \in [0, a] \Rightarrow u' = [1 - \frac{1}{2}a]$$

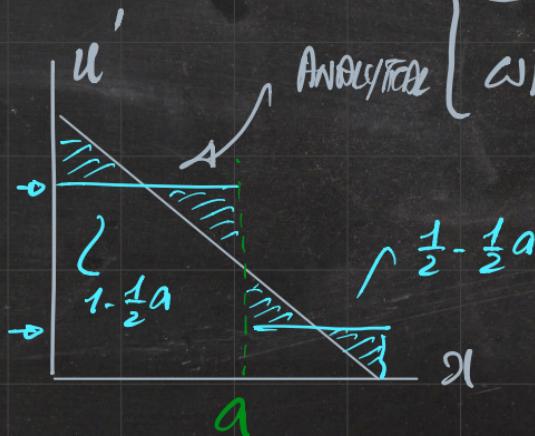
$$x \in [a, 1] \Rightarrow u' = [\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}a]$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \leftarrow

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$



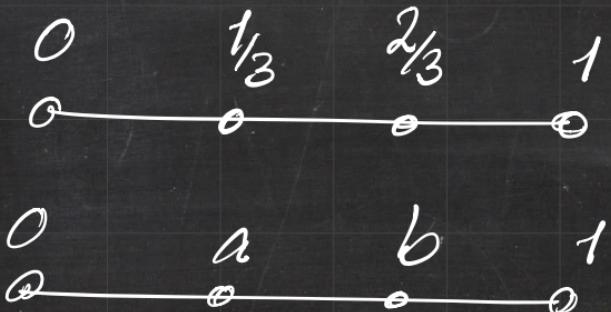
$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 3-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \checkmark



$$0 \leq a < b \quad a < b \leq 1$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 3-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \leftarrow

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad \begin{matrix} \text{O} \\ \text{a}[G_1 - D_1] \end{matrix}$$

$$x \in [a, b] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad \begin{matrix} \text{O} \\ \text{a}[F_1 - G_1] \end{matrix}$$

$$x \in [b, 1] \quad \omega = E_1 x + E_2 \quad \begin{matrix} \text{O} \\ \text{b}[D_1 - E_1] + a[G_1 - D_1] \end{matrix}$$

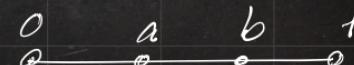
$$u = F_1 x + F_2 \quad \begin{matrix} \text{O} \\ \text{a}[F_1 - G_1] \end{matrix}$$

$$u = G_1 x + G_2 \quad \begin{matrix} \text{O} \\ \text{b}[G_1 - H_1] \end{matrix}$$

$$u = H_1 x + H_2 \quad \begin{matrix} \text{O} \\ \text{b}[G_1 - H_1] + a[F_1 - G_1] \end{matrix}$$

$$\nabla C_1, D_1, E_1$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

→ 3 - PIECE LINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = G_1 x + \frac{G_2}{a} [G_2 - D_1] \quad u = F_1 x + \frac{F_2}{a} [F_2 - G_1]$$

$$x \in [a, b] \quad \omega = D_1 x + \frac{D_2}{b-a} [D_2 - E_1] \quad u = G_1 x + \frac{G_2}{b-a} [G_2 - E_1]$$

$$x \in [b, 1] \quad \omega = E_1 x + \frac{E_2}{b-a} [E_2 - H_1] \quad u = H_1 x + \frac{H_2}{b-a} [H_2 - F_1]$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ ← prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ ←

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$\int_0^a c_1 u' dx + \int_a^b d_1 u' dx + \int_b^1 e_1 u' dx = \int_0^a c_1 \omega dx + \int_a^b d_1 \omega dx + \int_b^1 e_1 \omega dx$$

$c_1 \quad F_1 \quad D_1 \quad G_1 \quad E_1 \quad H_1 \quad C_1 x \quad D_1 x + a[G_1 - D_1]$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

→ 3 - PIECE LINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = G_1 x + \cancel{G_2} \xrightarrow{a[G-G]} \quad u = F_1 x + \cancel{F_2} \xrightarrow{a[F-G]} \\ \omega = G_1 x + \cancel{G_2} \quad u = G_1 x + \cancel{G_2}$$

$$x \in [a, b] \quad \omega = D_1 x + \cancel{D_2} \quad u = G_1 x + \cancel{G_2}$$

$$x \in [b, 1] \quad \omega = E_1 x + \cancel{E_2} \quad u = H_1 x + \cancel{H_2} \\ b[D_1 - E_1] + a[G_1 - D_1] \quad b[G_1 - H_1] + a[F_1 - G_1]$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$  prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ 

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$\int_0^a \omega' u' dx + \int_a^b \omega' u' dx + \int_b^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^a \omega dx + \int_a^b \omega dx + \int_b^1 \cancel{-E_1 x + b[D_1 - E_1]} \\ \cancel{G_1 F_1} \quad \cancel{D_1 G_1} \quad \cancel{E_1 H_1} \quad \cancel{G_1 x} \quad \cancel{D_1 x + a[G_1 - D_1]}$$

$$G_1 [000] + D_1 [000] + E_1 [000] = 0 \quad \sqrt{C_1, D_1, E_1}$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 3-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \leftarrow

$$G_1[000] + D_1[000] + E_1[000] = 0 \quad \checkmark C_1, D_1, E_1$$

$$\begin{cases} D_1 = 0 \\ E_1 = 0 \\ G_1 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} f(F_1) = 0 \\ g(G_1) = 0 \\ h(H_1) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$F_1, G_1, H_1 \checkmark$$



$$F_1 = 000, G_1 = 000, H_1 = 000$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

→ 3 - PIECE LINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = G_1 x + \frac{G_2}{a} [G_2 - D_1] \quad u = F_1 x + \frac{F_2}{a} [F_2 - G_1]$$

$$x \in [a, b] \quad \omega = D_1 x + \frac{D_2}{a} \quad u = G_1 x + \frac{G_2}{a}$$

$$x \in [b, 1] \quad \omega = E_1 x + \frac{E_2}{b} \quad u = H_1 x + \frac{H_2}{b}$$

~~$G_1 x + \frac{G_2}{a} [G_2 - D_1]$~~ ~~$H_1 x + \frac{H_2}{b} [H_2 - E_1]$~~

$$b[D_1 - E_1] + a[G_2 - D_1] \quad b[H_1 - E_1] + a[F_2 - G_1]$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ ↙ prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ ↙

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$G_1[000] + D_1[000] + E_1[000] = 0 \quad \sqrt{C_1, D_1, E_1} \quad \text{---}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}a \quad G_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}[a+b] \quad H_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}[b+1]$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\Rightarrow 3-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$x \in [0, a]$$

$$x \in [a, b]$$

$$x \in [b, 1]$$

$$u = P_1 x + \frac{P_2}{a} [F_r - G_j]$$

$$u = G_1 x + \frac{G_2}{b}$$

$$u = H_1 x + \frac{H_2}{b} [G_r - H_j] + a [P_r - G_j]$$

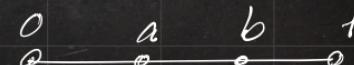
$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \checkmark

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}a \quad G_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}[a+b] \quad H_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}[b+1]$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 3-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$\begin{cases} u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}a]x & x \in [0, a] \\ u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}(a+b)]x + \frac{1}{2}ab & x \in [a, b] \\ u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}(b+1)]x + \frac{1}{2}b & x \in [b, 1] \end{cases}$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \leftarrow

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}[\alpha, \beta]]x + \frac{1}{2}\alpha\beta \quad \leftarrow 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$\{\alpha, \beta\} \rightarrow \{0, a\}$$

$$\{\alpha, \beta\} \rightarrow \{a, b\}$$

$$\{\alpha, \beta\} \rightarrow \{b, 1\}$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 3-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$\begin{cases} u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}a]x & x \in [0, a] \\ u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}(a+b)]x + \frac{1}{2}ab & x \in [a, b] \\ u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}(b+1)]x + \frac{1}{2}b & x \in [b, 1] \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u = 0.8x & x \in [0, 0.4] \\ u = 0.8x + 0.12 & x \in [0.4, 0.6] \\ u = 0.2x + 0.3 & x \in [0.6, 1] \end{cases}$$

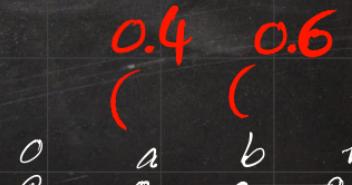
$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \leftarrow

ω : $\begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases}$

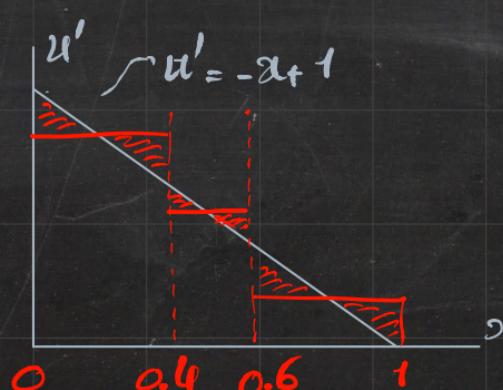
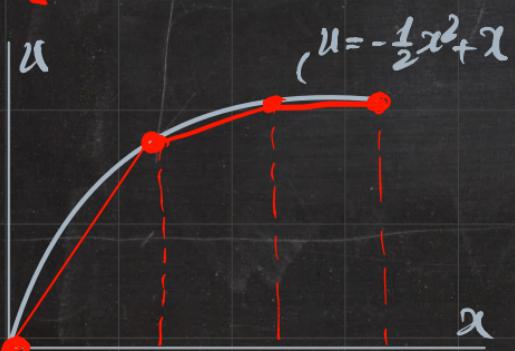
$$\omega|_D = 0$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 3-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

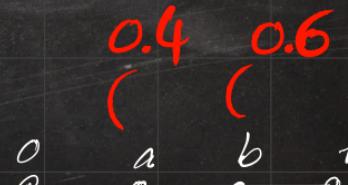
$$\begin{cases} u = 0.8x & x \in [0, 0.4] \\ u = 0.8x + 0.12 & x \in [0.4, 0.6] \\ u = 0.2x + 0.3 & x \in [0.6, 1] \end{cases}$$



$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed
 N: $u'(1) = 0$ \leftarrow

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 4-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2$$

$$x \in [a, b] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2$$

$$x \in [b, c] \quad \omega = E_1 x + E_2$$

$$x \in [c, 1] \quad \omega = F_1 x + F_2$$

$$u = G_1 x + G_2$$

$$u = H_1 x + H_2$$

$$u = I_1 x + I_2$$

$$u = J_1 x + J_2$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \checkmark

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$0 < a < b < c < 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega du \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 4-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = G_1 x + G_2 \quad \bullet^0$$

$$x \in [a, b] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = H_1 x + H_2$$

$$x \in [b, c] \quad \omega = E_1 x + E_2 \quad u = I_1 x + I_2$$

$$x \in [c, 1] \quad \omega = F_1 x + F_2 \quad u = J_1 x + J_2$$

$$D_2 = a[G_1 - H_1]$$

$$E_2 = b[D_1 - E_1] + a[G_1 - H_1]$$

$$F_2 = C[E_1 - F_1] + b[D_1 - E_1] + a[G_1 - H_1]$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$H_2 = a[G_1 - H_1]$$

$$I_2 = b[H_1 - I_1] + a[G_1 - H_1]$$

$$J_2 = C[I_1 - J_1]$$

$$+ b[H_1 - I_1] + a[G_1 - H_1]$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$0 < a < b < c < 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 4-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = G_1 x + G_2$$

$$x \in [a, b] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = H_1 x + H_2$$

$$x \in [b, c] \quad \omega = E_1 x + E_2 \quad u = I_1 x + I_2$$

$$x \in [c, 1] \quad \omega = F_1 x + F_2 \quad u = J_1 x + J_2$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$\int_0^a \omega' u' dx + \int_a^b \omega' u' dx + \int_b^c \omega' u' dx + \int_c^1 \omega' u' dx$$

$$= \int_0^a \omega dx + \int_a^b \omega dx + \int_b^c \omega dx + \int_c^1 \omega dx$$

$$0 < a < b < c < 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 4-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = G_1 x + G_2$$

$$x \in [a, b] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = H_1 x + H_2$$

$$x \in [b, c] \quad \omega = E_1 x + E_2 \quad u = I_1 x + I_2$$

$$x \in [c, 1] \quad \omega = F_1 x + F_2 \quad u = J_1 x + J_2$$

$$\int_0^a \omega' u' dx + \int_a^b \omega' u' dx + \int_b^c \omega' u' dx + \int_c^1 \omega' u' dx$$

$$= \int_0^a \omega dx + \int_a^b \omega dx + \int_b^c \omega dx + \int_c^1 \omega dx$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \leftarrow

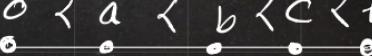
$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$f(G_1) C_1$$

$$+ f^*(H_1) D_1 \quad \checkmark C_1, D_1, E_1, F_1$$

$$+ f^*(I_1) E_1 \quad 0 < a < b < c < 1$$

$$+ f^*(J_1) F_1 = 0$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 4-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

$$x \in [0, a] \quad \omega = C_1 x + C_2 \quad u = G_1 x + G_2$$

$$x \in [a, b] \quad \omega = D_1 x + D_2 \quad u = H_1 x + H_2$$

$$x \in [b, c] \quad \omega = E_1 x + E_2 \quad u = I_1 x + I_2$$

$$x \in [c, 1] \quad \omega = F_1 x + F_2 \quad u = J_1 x + J_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^a \omega' u' dx + \int_a^b \omega' u' dx + \int_b^c \omega' u' dx + \int_c^1 \omega' u' dx \\ &= \int_0^a \omega dx + \int_a^b \omega dx + \int_b^c \omega dx + \int_c^1 \omega dx \end{aligned}$$

$\checkmark G_1, D_1, E_1, F_1$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D: u(0) = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{prescribed}$$

$$N: u'(1) = 0 \quad \leftarrow$$

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$G_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}a \quad \text{ANALYTICAL}$$

$$H_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}[a+b]$$

$$I_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}[b+c]$$

$$J_1 = 1 - \frac{1}{2}[c+1]$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 4-Piece UNILINEAR (GENERIC) APPROXIMATION

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}a]x & x \in [0, a] \\ u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}(a+b)]x + \frac{1}{2}ab & x \in [a, b] \\ u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}(b+c)]x + \frac{1}{2}bc & x \in [b, c] \\ u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}(c+d)]x + \frac{1}{2}cd & x \in [c, d] \\ \hline u = [1 - \frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\beta)]x + \frac{1}{2}\alpha\beta & x \in [\alpha, \beta] \end{array} \right.$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \swarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \nwarrow

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$\circ\circ\circ \Rightarrow n$ -piece LINEAR
(GENERIC)

$$0 < a < b < c < 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

→ 4-Piece Linear (Generic) Approximation

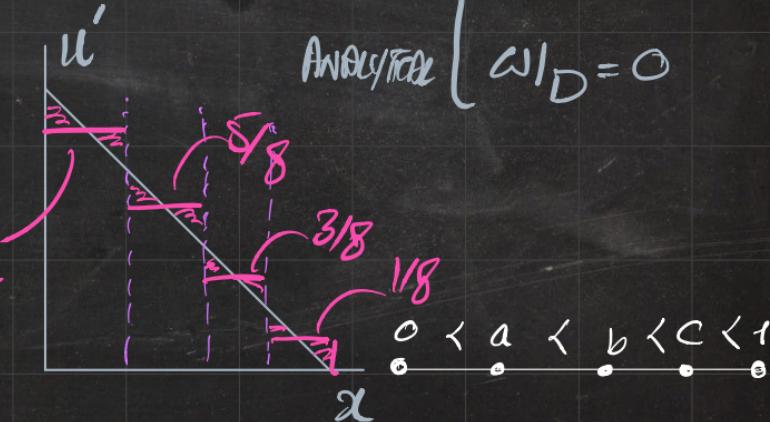
$$\begin{cases} u = \frac{7}{8}x & x \in [0, 0.25] \\ u = \frac{5}{8}x + \frac{1}{16} & x \in [0.25, 0.50] \\ u = \frac{3}{8}x + \frac{3}{16} & x \in [0.50, 0.75] \\ u = \frac{1}{8}x + \frac{6}{16} & x \in [0.75, 1.00] \end{cases}$$

$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ ← prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ ←

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 1-PIECE QUADRATIC APPROXIMATION

$$u|_D = 0$$

$$x \in [0,1] \quad \omega = C_1 x^2 + C_2 x + C_3$$

$$u = D_1 x^2 + D_2 x + D_3 \quad u(0) = 0$$

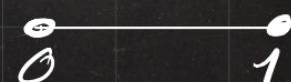
$\omega :$
 ARBITRARY
 CONTINUOUS
 ANALYTICAL $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \omega|_D = 0 \\ \omega = 0 \end{array} \right.$

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2D_1 x + D_2 \\ 2C_1 x + C_2 \end{array} \right\} \left. \begin{array}{l} C_1 x^2 + C_2 x \\ 0 \end{array} \right\} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow C_1 \left[\frac{4}{3} D_1 - \frac{1}{3} + D_2 \right] + C_2 \left[D_1 - \frac{1}{2} + D_2 \right] = 0$$

$$\sqrt{C_1, C_2}$$



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 1-PIECE QUADRATIC APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0,1] \quad \omega = C_1 x^2 + C_2 x + C_3 \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{4}{3} D_1 + D_2 - \frac{1}{3} = 0 \\ D_1 + D_2 - \frac{1}{2} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} D_1 = -\frac{1}{2} \\ D_2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$u = D_1 x^2 + D_2 x + D_3 \quad u(0) = 0$$

$\omega :$

ARBITRARY	CONTINUOUS
$\omega _D = 0$	

ANALYTICAL approximation that has zero error

$$u = -\frac{1}{2} x^2 + x$$

IDENTICAL TO ANALYTICAL SOLUTION



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 1-PIECE QUADRATIC APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0,1] \quad \omega = C_1 x^2 + C_2 x + C_3 \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

IF THE APPROXIMATION SPACE IS

LARGE ENOUGH, IT CAN INCLUDE

THE EXACT SOLUTION!

$$u = D_1 x^2 + D_2 x + D_3 \quad u|_0 = 0 \quad \omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} \end{cases} \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

approximation
that has
zero
error

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 1-PIECE QUADRATIC APPROXIMATION

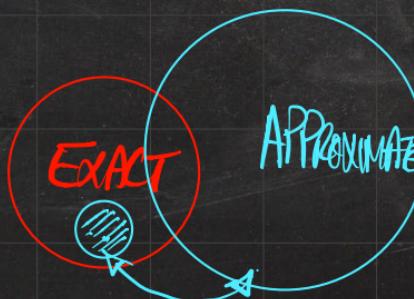
$$x \in [0,1] \quad \omega = C_1 x^2 + C_2 x + C_3 \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$u = D_1 x^2 + D_2 x + D_3 \quad u|_0 = 0$$

$\omega :$

ARBITRARY	$\omega _D = 0$
ANALYTICAL	$\omega _D = 0$

IF THE APPROXIMATION SPACE IS
LARGE ENOUGH, IT CAN INCLUDE
THE EXACT SOLUTION!



$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 1-PIECE QUADRATIC APPROXIMATION

$$x \in [0,1] \quad \omega = C_1 x^2 + C_2 x + C_3 \quad \omega|_D = 0$$

$$u = D_1 x^2 + D_2 x + D_3 \quad u|_0 = 0$$

$\omega :$

ARBITRARY	CONTINUOUS	$\omega _D = 0$

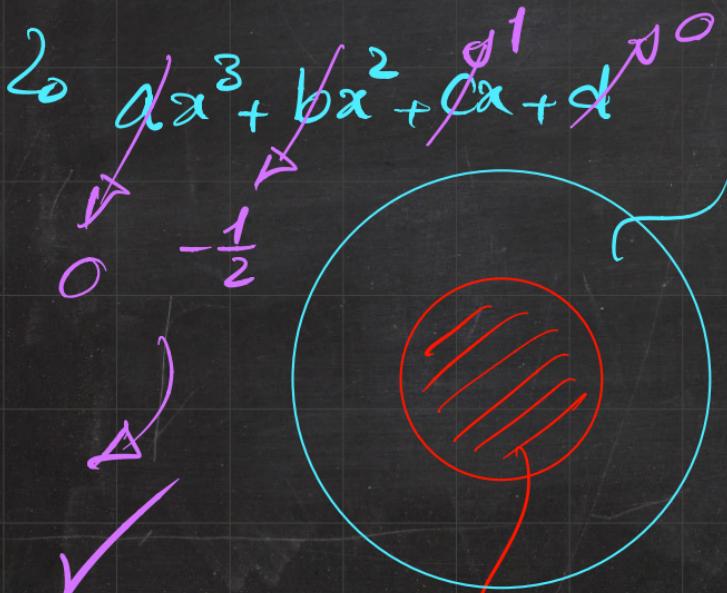
IF THE APPROXIMATION SPACE IS
LARGE ENOUGH, IT CAN INCLUDE
THE EXACT SOLUTION!



APPROXIMATION
SPACE COINCIDES
WITH THE
REQUIRED SPACE OF
EXACT SOLUTION.

$$\int_0^1 \omega' u' dx = \int_0^1 \omega dx \quad x \in [0,1]$$

\rightarrow 1-PIECE CUBIC APPROXIMATION



$$u'' + 1 = 0 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

D: $u(0) = 0$ \leftarrow prescribed

N: $u'(1) = 0$ \leftarrow

$$\omega : \begin{cases} \text{ARBITRARY} \\ \text{CONTINUOUS} \\ \text{ANALYTICAL} & \omega|_D = 0 \end{cases}$$

APPROXIMATION
SPACE COINCIDES
WITH THE
REQUIRED SPACE OF
EXACT SOLUTION